**ABSTRACT:** This work points a semantic approach (strongly based on Bayer(1997)) to the morphological level. Based on Categorial Grammar, a syntactic-semantic tool commonly used by semanticists and computational linguists, we see the morphological level through the same syntactic rules adopted by the model. In this way, we have a great theoretical gain since we are not obliged anymore to see the morphological, semantic and syntactic levels as three different linguistic levels. To show this application, we will briefly introduce Categorial Grammar and show its application in Brazilian Portuguese. We chose a nominalizer suffix, -ura, present in words as *brancura* (whiteness) and *assadura* (baking/rash).